

Showers and thunderstorms. Cooler tomorrow.

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PRICE ONE CENT.

OPEN TREATMENT OF ROCK CREEK IS RECOMMENDED

Commissioner Morrow
Estimates Parkway Will
Cost \$4,750,000.

Plan Involves Condemnation
of 3,750,000 Square
Feet of Land.

Following an exhaustive survey under the direction of Capt. M. E. Markham, Assistant Engineer Commissioner, and W. J. Douglas, engineer of bridges, Engineer Commissioner Morrow has recommended the open treatment of the valley of Rock creek, from Massachusetts avenue to the mouth of the creek. The estimated cost is \$4,750,000. The cost of the closed treatment, depending upon the length and width of the boulevard, is estimated, respectively at \$5,100,000, \$5,900,000, and \$7,200,000.

The plan recommended by the Engineer Commissioner involves the condemnation of three and three-quarter million square feet of land, including improvements. Major Morrow says that it is believed that authority to condemn this land, which, with the improvements, is estimated will cost about \$1,250,000, should be granted by Congress as an early date as possible, for the double reason of making the ultimate development of the park an assured fact, and also to prevent the perpetuation of the dumping nuisance which has assumed large proportions and which is beyond the control of the Commissioners, as the dumping is not on public space.

It is believed by the Engineer Commissioner that the purchase of this land will be of sufficient local benefit to justify assessments, but it is not deemed advisable to suggest any definite amount for said assessments, nor any proportion of the total cost unless the completion of the work can be guaranteed within a reasonable period.

Mr. Morrow's Project.

The project, as recommended by the Engineer Commissioner, is outlined as follows:

A main road to be constructed in the valley of the park, extending from Massachusetts avenue to the river. A main path extending the same distance, in a general way parallel to the main road—all in the valley of the creek; and wherever possible additional driveways and pathways are provided.

It is planned to develop the entire area as a city park, with the exception of the section between L street and Potomac Park, which will be treated as a more or less formal parkway and park connection. The section north of O street could be easily developed into a beautiful informal city park, having a maximum width of 600 feet and a minimum width of 400 feet. At Massachusetts avenue the main drive is planned to be carried through the embankment now crossing the valley at that point, a subway being provided with a width of thirty-five feet and a height of twenty-four feet, having the form of a single arch.

In addition to the main drive in the bottom of the valley, bordering roadways are contemplated on both sides, with a view to developing the valley almost entirely surrounded by streets, so that the backs of buildings could not be presented to view.

Entrances from the west are provided at a point near Twenty-sixth and P streets, and from a point near Twenty-sixth and Q streets, and by way of the old Lovers Lane valley, and from L streets, and from the formal driveway which leads from Potomac Park along the banks of the Potomac river and Rock Creek to this last mentioned entrance.

Entrances from the east are provided at a point near Twenty-sixth and P streets, and from a point near Twenty-sixth and Q streets, and by way of the old Lovers Lane valley, and from L streets, and from the formal driveway which leads from Potomac Park along the banks of the Potomac river and Rock Creek to this last mentioned entrance.

New Bridges Planned.

A bridge is proposed from the intersection of Twenty-eighth and R streets to the intersection of Massachusetts avenue and S street. A bridge is provided at Q street, a new bridge at P street, a bridge at N street, a new bridge at M street, and a new bridge at Pennsylvania avenue. The K street bridge, proposed to be maintained at its present grade, will be crossed above by the elevated driveway along the quay. The low driveway crosses the

(Continued on Second Page.)

THE WEATHER REPORT.

The disturbance that moved from the Texas Panhandle to Lake Michigan since Saturday night joined forces with the remnants of the great depression of the latter part of last week, and caused a continuance of the general rains and snows in the central valleys, the upper lake region, and the Northwest, while a secondary disturbance in the South was attended by a recurrence of heavy showers over that section.

There will be showers tonight in the East and South, with a few showers in the Northeast, and possibly snow flurries along the lower lakes.

Temperatures will be much lower. Steamer departing today for European ports will have variable winds, becoming south, and increasing showers to the ground.

RAISULI IS SLAIN BY HIS TRIBESMEN

Noted Moroccan Bandit
Killed After Long Fight
Against Sultan.

Assassination Planned by
Men He Trusted—Murderers Await Chance.

PARIS, April 27.—Raisuli, the notorious Moroccan bandit, has been assassinated, according to a dispatch from Tangier today.

Rumors of the killing were at first doubted, but the latest message confirms them and leaves little doubt that the outlaw has been slain. It is reported he fell a victim to hostile tribesmen, who had waited for some time for an opportunity to take his life.

Raisuli has been for several years one of the most conspicuous figures in Morocco. He was once a petty chieftain, unknown except by his own few followers, but won fame throughout all Morocco while still comparatively young by his plucky resistance of the oppression of the governor appointed by the Sultan over the district in which he lived.

The governor sent a strong force of troops against him and, after considerable skirmishing, Raisuli was captured, loaded with chains and thrown into prison to die.

Under the discipline to which he was subjected he would undoubtedly have succumbed soon. Escaping, however, with the aid of a few of his followers, and taking to the desert, he began a guerrilla warfare against the Sultan.

Captures Americans.

Deciding finally that his best chance lay in making trouble for the ruler with other powers, he swooped one night upon the country residence just outside Tangier of a rich American named Percival, kidnapped him and his English son-in-law, fled with them to his fastnesses in the hills, and sent a demand to Tangier for a heavy ransom, threatening to kill his prisoners if he were not paid.

The United States Government forced the Sultan to meet his demands, and from that time forth the bandit became a character of international reputation. The Sultan continued to make quiet efforts, however, to wipe out him and his band, and Raisuli determined to give him a fresh ransom.

Negotiates With Ruler.

He opened negotiations with the ruler looking toward a truce, met Kaid Sir Harry McLean, a Scotchman, who commanded the Sultan's army, and had been chosen to represent his master at the conference, set up the cry of treason, seized the kaid and fled again into the hills.

This time the English government brought pressure on the Sultan to compel compliance with the outlaw's demands. The negotiations continued for months, however, during which Sir Harry, an aged man, suffered incredible hardships. It was finally set free on payment of \$100,000 to the bandit.

At this time the Sultan descended from his mountain fastness to the outskirts of Tangier. There lived an old man, an Italian, who was reputed to be a miser. He wore a shawl and appeared to be poor. With him lived his daughter, her husband and their two children. The miser was a miser, and the old man's hidden treasure. He was a miser, and the old man's hidden treasure. He was a miser, and the old man's hidden treasure.

He carried off the little ones, sending back a demand for a high ransom.

Children Murdered.

The old man in despair besought the bandits to search his premises. He had hidden his children in a cave, and they were brutally murdered by the bandit in his disgust at failure.

After B. Harris, an English millionaire, who lives in Tangier and incidentally represents the London Times as Raisuli's agent, has reason to remember that he was captured by the bandit and carried off to the mountains. The brigand demanded a ransom of four years ago. After two weeks of captivity the robber chief determined to bring his victim to terms.

He entered the room where Harris was confined, threw down on the floor the headless trunk of a man he had murdered, and the prisoner, who thought that this horrible thing would be his ransom, until he arranged the ransom. Harris stood for a whole week, when he capitulated, and the ransom was paid.

Kind to Women.

Raisuli, bandit that he was, had a tender spot in his heart for women, as was shown in an experience of two women in his domain several months ago.

The heroine of this exploit is Mrs. Frances Campbell, author of the novel, "Dearlove." Her husband died about six years ago. Mrs. Campbell's health broke down, and she went from London to Tangier to recuperate. A large party of men and women had been arranged to visit the court of the Sultan of Morocco at Fez. But alarmists reports were received that Raisuli was on the warpath, and the party was broken up.

When Raisuli heard that the colonel's wife and her friend were bent on going to Fez, he pledged his word that so far as lay in his power he would see to it that no harm befell them on their journey. The descendant of the rebel Irish prince pinned her faith to the word of the rebel Moorish chieftain, including the diplomats at Tangier, including the American representative, did their best to dissuade her.



RAISULI,
Noted Moroccan Bandit, Who Was Slain
by His Tribesmen.

DID "PETER PAN" HAVE \$40 MEAL?

Police Think Zoo Monkey
Stole Cash From Mrs.
Daddysman.

Here is the question that Detective Bob Howlett is vainly trying to solve today:

Did Peter Pan, the husband of Mrs. Fluffytop, who is one of the star attractions in the monkey house at the Zoo, steal \$40 from a handbag belonging to Mrs. Emma Daddysman, of 1336 Wabash place northwest, yesterday?

Suspicion seems to point strongest to Peter Pan, although there are several other animals that the police seem to think might be responsible for the robbery.

Howlett went to the Zoo this morning to see if he could get some clue to the missing money. Peter Pan positively refused to make any statement, and the detective didn't believe the circumstantial evidence against him was strong enough to warrant making an arrest.

Marvin A. Daddysman, Mrs. Daddysman's son, reported at headquarters that his mother had lost \$40 from her purse while in one of the animal houses. The fine weather yesterday attracted a large crowd to the zoo, and the police were at first inclined to the theory that some one might have extracted the money from the handbag while Mrs. Daddysman was looking at the animals.

Children Murdered.

On this theory the detectives interviewed the goats and the big ostrich, which was presented to the Zoo by Emperor Menelik, of Abyssinia. Investigation disclosed the fact that Mrs. Daddysman had not been near any of the animals. The goats and the ostrich were able to prove a complete alibi.

Mrs. Daddysman spent some time in the bird house, but there was nothing to implicate any of the feathered beauties. It was learned that she also watched the antics of Mrs. Feather-top, which while Mrs. Daddysman was busy keeping her eyes on Mrs. Feather-top, Peter Pan may have reached out through the bars and taken the money.

His cage was searched this morning, but not a trace of the greenback could be discovered. If the monkey stole the money, he enjoyed a \$40 Sunday dinner.

WHAT CONGRESS DID

IN THE SENATE.

The Senate met at 11 o'clock for the first time this session, and resumed debate on the amendment to the naval bill providing for four battleships. A vote on the bill and all pending amendments will be taken before adjournment this afternoon.

The Committee on Military Affairs conducted a hearing on the different bills to prevent the desertion of the American flag.

At a meeting of the Judiciary Committee the nomination of Assistant Attorney General Purdy to be Federal judge of Minnesota was referred to a subcommittee, but no indication was given whether a fight would be made on confirmation.

IN THE HOUSE.

Before taking up the sundry civil bill the House considered bills under the suspension rule.

THREE DROWNED AS BOAT TURNS ON ROUGH LAKE

Accident Occurs When
Occupants Try to
Change Positions.

Girl, Only Survivor,
Faints After Sweetheart
Goes Down.

MUSKEGON, Mich., April 27.—Three persons were drowned and a fourth narrowly escaped with her life in a catastrophe early this morning. The drowned are: William Stone, Mrs. William Stone, and Floyd Ward; Ethel Stewart was rescued.

The accident happened when four members of a boating party, hunting wild flowers at North Muskegon, tried to change positions in the boat.

Stone and his wife sank at once. All were thrown in the water, but Ward put the girl back in the boat and clung to the side, holding to the boat for half an hour, when the heavy seas washed him off. Miss Stewart was unconscious, and was tossed about on the waves until she finally regained consciousness, after she had been washed ashore, and went to a farm house and gave word of the tragedy. Ward and Miss Stewart were sweethearts.

The body of Ward has been recovered, but those of Stone and his wife are missing.

MURRAY'S PLACE OFFERED WHEELER

California Man Likely to
Become Assistant Secretary
of Commerce.

The President has tendered to William R. Wheeler, of San Francisco, a member of the Immigration Commission, the position of Assistant Secretary of Commerce and Labor to succeed Lawrence O. Murray, who resigned to accept the Assistant Secretaryship of the Treasury.

Mr. Wheeler said today that he had the tender under consideration and would be in position Wednesday to announce whether he could accept or not. His acceptance will depend upon the satisfactory arrangements of his business affairs in San Francisco. It is almost certain that he will accept.

Mr. Wheeler had never held any political position until his appointment a year ago to a place on the Immigration Commission, formed by direction and appointment of the President. He accompanied the commission to Europe on its recent visit, and since his return has been engaged in various immigration matters upon the Pacific coast. He has been in Washington for a month as the guest of Commissioner Lane, of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Wheeler has a large hardware business in San Francisco, in addition to other interests, including a ranch in southern California.

Mr. Wheeler is forty-seven years old. Mrs. Wheeler and their son will probably join Mr. Wheeler here in the near future. He has accepted the secretaryship. Since his connection with the Immigration Commission, Mr. Wheeler has shown an unusual ability and capacity for such work, and it was in recognition of these services and his business qualifications that the President tendered the position.

HITCHCOCK SURE OF TAFT VICTORY

"There will be no instructions of the delegates from Mississippi, South Carolina, or Georgia, who soon are to be selected," said Frank H. Hitchcock, manager for Secretary Taft, today.

"There may be contests in some of the districts in those States, but they will not be anything like the kind of contests that would follow an attempt by us to secure instructions for Taft. We have thought it best not to make a fight for instructions; and we can afford not to do it, because we now have so many delegates in the North that it is unnecessary."

Arkansas, Texas and North Carolina will instruct their delegations for Taft. In the current week eleven States will hold their conventions.

Mr. Hitchcock made it plain that he regarded the fight as practically ended. He admitted that he had heard reports that some of the candidates are getting shaky about staying longer in the field.

THE WAY THE HEN FLIES

SHARON, Pa., April 27.—Justice of the Peace Gilbert employed a somewhat unique method in solving the problem, "Who owns the hen?"

Joseph Culp filed an information against Mrs. T. Morris, charging her with the larceny of a hen valued at \$1.

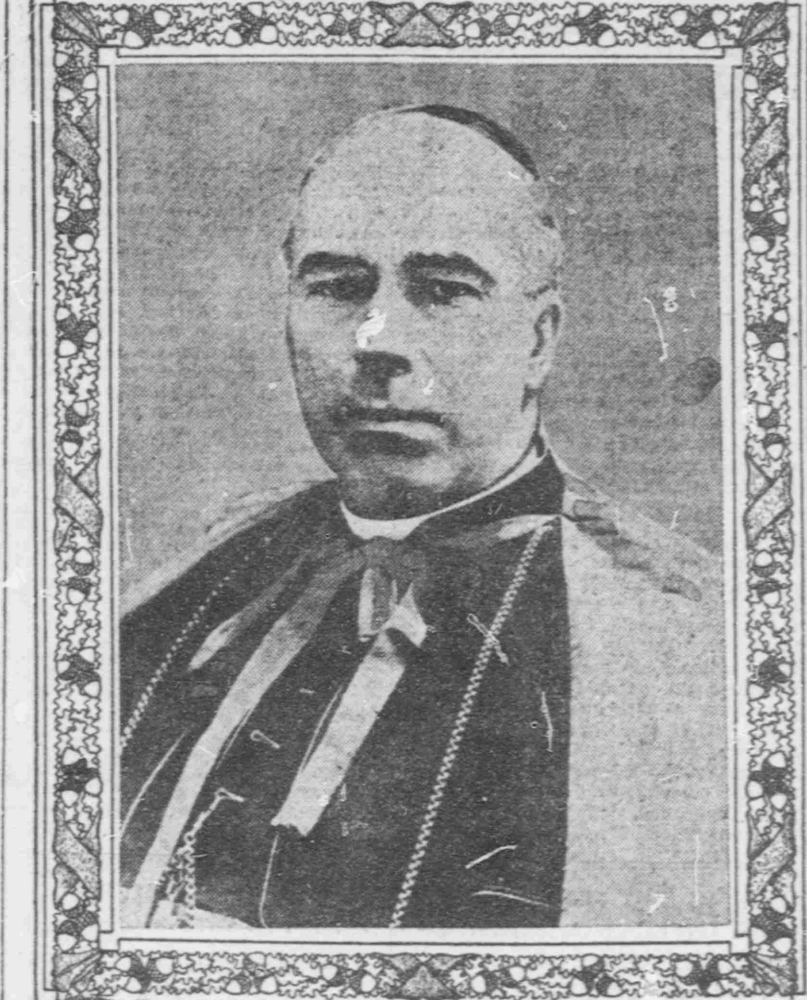
The woman denied the theft. Instantly Gilbert and Constable Bell went to the home of the defendant and opened the door of her hen coop. All the chickens walked out into the yard and started to eat except one clucking hen, which flew over a fence into Culp's yard. There it took charge of a flock of chicks, which nestled contentedly under her wings.

Mrs. Morris was directed to pay the costs.

GETS \$32,500 FOR LEG.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., April 27.—A jury in Justice Arthur S. Thompson's court this morning brought in a verdict for \$32,500 in favor of Miss Margaret Mahoney, a former high school teacher of Brewster, for the loss of her left leg in the Brewster express wreck on Dec. 2, 1907, between Williams bridge and Bronx Park. This is the third verdict that has been obtained against the New York Central Railroad Company since the Brewster wreck on February 13, 1907.

TWO CARDINALS UNITE TO CELEBRATE MASS



CARDINAL LOGUE,
Of Ireland, Who Will Be the Celebrant at Pontifical Mass in New York
Tomorrow.

Gibbons and Logue to
Help New York Ob-
serve Centenary.

Archbishop Farley Ex-
pected to Receive
the Red Hat.

NEW YORK, April 27.—In every Catholic church throughout Greater New York today were gathered hundreds of children to attend the children's mass, the only special exercise of the second day's celebration of the establishment of the New York diocese. Later, special exercises were held in all the parochial schools of education to attend the church services. (The most important feature of the celebration was the arrival of Cardinal Gibbons from Baltimore. He will remain for the greater part of the celebration. Tomorrow he will assist in the great ecclesiastical event of the week, the pontifical mass at St. Patrick's Cathedral.

Cardinal Logue, primate of all Ireland, will be the celebrant, and Cardinal Gibbons will be the co-celebrant. A notable event in the history of the Catholic Church in this country.

Today Cardinal Logue is being shown the sights of the city, and tonight will be the guest at dinner of Countess Leary, in her Fifth avenue home, together with Cardinal Gibbons and Archbishop Falconio, apostolic delegate to the United States.

The announcement today that Archbishop Falconio had brought Archbishop Farley, head of the New York diocese, a special message from Pope Pius X, led to a renewal of the rumors that Monsignor Farley is to be appointed a cardinal.

Those who expressed belief in the report pointed out that it would be only fitting that the head of the greatest see in the United States should be thus honored, and that no better time for announcing the appointment could be made than at the centennial celebration of the founding of the diocese.

Before tonight there will be in the city at least twelve archbishops, fifty bishops, twelve vicars general, fifty monsignors, with many clergymen of lesser rank. Among those who have accepted invitations and are expected to be present are Archbishops Henry Moeller, of Cincinnati; John J. Keane, of Dubuque; John Ireland, of St. Paul; J. J. Glennon, of St. Louis; William H. O'Connell, of Boston; James E. Quigley, of Chicago; Paul Bruchesi, of Montreal; James Blenk, of New Orleans; Patrick J. Ryan, Philadelphia; Bishops Northrop, of Charleston; Kelley, of Savannah; Monaghan, of Wilmington; Tierney, of Hartford; Beaven, of Springfield, Mass.; Scannell, of Omaha; Colton, of Buffalo; O'Connor, of Newark; Galbreath, of Ogdenburg; McQuaid, of Rochester; Fall, of Trenton; Hoban, of Scranton, and O'Connell, of the Catholic University of Washington.

ROUGH RIDER ACCEPTED FOR FEDERAL MARSHALSHIP

Favorable reports were today authorized by the Senate Judiciary Committee of the nominations of Guy Murchie, to be United States marshal for Massachusetts and J. W. Whitaker Thompson to be United States attorney for the eastern district of Pennsylvania, the latter being a reappointment.

Murchie, the new Massachusetts appointee, was a Rough Rider.

DUBUQUE AT CURACAO.

The gunboat Dubuque arrived at the Island of Curacao, yesterday, according to a cablegram received at the Navy Department today from her commander.

After receiving and dispatching messages at Curacao, the Dubuque was expected to proceed to Porto Cabello, Venezuela, to be placed at the service of Admiral Russell for the purpose of bringing him and his family away from Venezuela.

Other Nations Will Follow.

Senator Clapp declared that other nations would not check their naval expansion in the face of the "sudden and unexplained" expansion of the American naval program that was demanded.

Senator Carter of Montana spoke for

BATTLESHIP FIGHT IN ITS LAST ROUND; VOTE COMES TODAY

President's Friends Ar-
rayed Against Veterans,
Hale and Aldrich.

Senator Stone Declares
Talk of War With
Japan, Irresponsible.

The opening oratorical gun in the greatest naval battle which the United States Senate had ever known today. The firing soon increased in volume, until it developed into a veritable bombardment, in which the participants were wrought up to the highest pitch of earnestness.

The opposing forces were closely marshaled, consisting of the administrationists, or the four monster battleship forces, under the leadership of Senator Beveridge and Senator Piles, and the so-called anti-administrationists, who stand for two battleships, and under the leadership of Chairman Hale of the Naval Committee, and Chairman Aldrich of the Finance Committee, two of the older Senators, and leaders in many a notable conflict.

A day of rest following the two days of stirring and incessant conflict found the forces in splendid condition for the decisive test, which under an agreement of the leaders, arranged under a flag of truce, must be brought to an end today, at least before nightfall.

Jap Hears Debate.

A large audience filled the galleries to listen to the discussion of the naval bill, and conspicuous in the diplomatic gallery was a Japanese spectator understood to be attached to the embassy in Washington. He came on a card from Secretary Root, but refused to give his name to the doorkeeper. He paid the closest attention to the discussion for much of the afternoon.

The friends of four ships, led by the President, were active over Sunday. Many letters and telegrams for four big men-of-war poured in on Senators between Saturday night and Monday morning. The President sent a number of Senators and earnestly urged his program. Before the session opened today, it was said Senator Aldrich would introduce a compromise substitute for the Piles amendment, which would authorize four battleships and appropriate for two battleships, and appropriation program have no hope of getting four battleships appropriated for and will be highly satisfied if they can effect a compromise on the basis mentioned.

Mr. Stone of Missouri opened today's engagement with a speech against the four battleship proposition.

While favoring a strong navy, Senator Stone thought the United States should "not aspire to be the bully of the sea." He wanted a fighting navy, but not necessarily large capital ships. He said: "Commercial ships more than we do fighting ships," he exclaimed.

No Foreign Trouble.

The Missouriian said that he knew of no foreign embargo which threatened the United States except Venezuela. He compared this to the soiled hand of a spoiled child. "However this may eventuate," he declared, "no one can seriously imagine that differences with Venezuela would require a large naval force."

Japanese Were Calm.

"Of course, we can have war with Japan if we want to," he continued. "But I know we do not want war with Japan and I know that Japan does not want war with us. Last summer I went all over Japan and talked with people everywhere. I talked with Japanese from the highest public men to the 'rickshaw men. I found no sign of aggressive hostility toward this country. I was in Japan when the first news of the San Francisco school trouble came there. It came by way of Europe and you may be sure it was duly exaggerated. I found the press, as a rule, calm and the people not seriously excited. I found everywhere evidence of the sincerest friendship for this country."

"I told Japan has designs on China, not only in Korea and Manchuria, but in China. I do not know about that. I would not be surprised if they had some foundation for that apprehension. But are not other nations doing substantially the same thing? Why do we object to one more nation having a hand in this matter?"

"The Japanese in Korea are as despotic, tyrannical, and cruel as any conquering nation has been in modern times. But, remembering the Philippines, only a few hundred miles to the south, I do not feel authorized to make any rasping criticism of what the Japanese are doing in Korea."

"Under existing conditions I do not believe it possible for us to compete with any prospect of success with Japan for the trade of China."

Asks Four Ships.

Senator Sutherland of Utah declared himself for four ships, and said he had no apologies to make for his position. He upheld the "Big Stick" policy of the President, and he said the navy was the "big stick" of the country. He said he would vote for four battleships just as he would name his horse.

Senator Clapp of Minnesota interrupted to point out that when they had a dance down on the Texas border, in order to preserve peace every one checked his gun. Senator Carter pointed out that "razors" were checked to keep things calm, but the cakewalks down in South Carolina.

Senator Sutherland thought it was none of his business what anyone else checked.

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